Short Communication

J Indian bot Soc Vol 75 (1996) 157-158

A NEW SPECIES OF HUMICOLA FROM INDIA

ALKA PANDEY AND S.M. SINGH

Department of Biological Sciences, R.D. University, Jabalpur. (Accepted December 1995)

Key Words : Humicola Jabalpurensis sp. Nov. Keratinophilic fungus,

During the course of an intensive survey for keratinophilic fungi of Jabalpur soils in 1985, we isolated an interesting fungus using human hair as bait. This fungus was identified as *Humicola* species. However, it was interesting to note that when this isolate was grown on Brain heart infusion agar medium at 37°C, it regularly developed a synnemata. It also differed from other species of *Humicola* in the size of conidia. It is therefore described as *Humicola jabalpurensis* sp. nov.



Humicola jabalpurensis sp. nov. isolated from garbage soil of Marhatal, Jabalpur, using human hair as bait, January 1985, IMI No. 289445; Leg. Alka Pandey.

Humicola jabalpurensis sp. nov.

Colonies light smoke grey, cottony to granular, hyphae hyaline to pale golden, septate, 2 μ m wide; chlamydospores absent, conidia solitary, apical, pyriform, occasionally ovoid to spherical (4-6 μ m) and oblong elliptical (4 x 6 - 6 x 9 μ m) 1 - celled, pale golden brown to golden brown, intercalary conidia absent; synnemata present only on Brain Heart Infusion Agar medium (Figures 1 to 3).

Latin diagnosis

Coloniae sunt fumosae - nigrae, gossypiosae vel granulosae hyphae hyalinae vel palidae flavae, septatae, remosae, 2 μ m crassae; chlamydosporae absente; conidia solitaria, terminalia, piriformes, aliqua vice suntovoides vel globosa (4-6 μ m) et ellipsoidea (4 x 6 - 6 x 9 μ m) unicellata, flavacastanea palide vel versflava - castanea, sine conidia, intercalaria, synnemata, phialides et phyalo sporae non habet. Tamen multa synnemata crescent tantummodo in medio "Brain Heart Infusion Agar"

Figure 1. Camera lucida of synnemata of Humicola jabalpurensis Pandey & Singh. A. Synnemata B. Conidia.

Received August 1995

Pandey and Singh



Figure 2. Photomicrograph of synnemata of *H. Jabalpurensis* Pandey & Singh.

The authors are grateful to Prof. S.K. Hasija, Head, Department of Biological Sciences, R. D. University, Jabalpur M. P. for providing laboratory facilities and to Director CMI Kew England for help in the identification of species. Thanks are



Figure 3. Photomicrograph showing many synnemata a synanamorph of *H. jabalpurensis* Pandey & Singh.

also due to Prof. Figueras, Department de Ciencies Mediques Basiques, Facultat de Medicine I Ciencies de la Salut, UNITAT DE MICROBIOLOGIA, Universitat Rovira I Virgili, Spain for providing latin diagnosis.